



جامعة مؤتة

عمادة الدراسات العليا

التحليل المكاني للنمو السكاني في المراكز الحضرية في منطقة
القصيم-المملكة العربية السعودية- باستخدام تقنيات نظم
المعلومات الجغرافية

الإهداء

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الشكر والتقدير

فهرس المحتويات

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46		1.3
47		2.3

49	3.3
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53	1.4
62	2.4
71	3.4
93	4.4
97	5.5
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قائمة الجداول

16		1
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26	() (2010-1974)	4
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60	(2010-1992)	7
64	.(2025-2015)	8
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قائمة الأشكال

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Abstract
Spatial Analysis of the Demographic Growth of Urban Centers in the
al-Qassim Area (Saudi Arabia)
Using Geographic information Technique

Shrefa Nofal

Mutah University 2013

This study aims to apply GIS techniques to analyze the demographic growth in urban centers of the Qassim Area - Saudi Arabia. Moreover this study attempts to benefit from these programs to create maps showing the spatial distribution of the inhabitants, and find out the population density and human growth rates in the urban centers during the period 1974-2010 AD.

In order to achieve these main goals, the study used a number of cartographic techniques and statistical tests to identify the relation between studies variables. In Addition, it uses models of spatial distribution in the ArcGIS 10.1. These techniques include nearest neighbor analysis, Moran's *I*, buffer-zone analysis, the direction and pattern of spatial distribution, as well Chi-Square techniques.

The study finds that urban centers in the Qassim area witnessed notable demographic growth during the period 1974-2010, as the number of the population doubled six times. The number of the inhabitants grew gradually and noticeably from 147476 in 1974 to 916585 in 2010, with 5.05% population growth rate. Maps of the spatial distribution of the inhabitants show a sharp, uneven variation in population density across the urban centers. High demographic concentration has been noted in Buraidah, Unayzah, al Bukayriyah, ar-Rass and al-Badaye where more than 50% of the population of the 19 urban centers in the Qassim area live. Moran's *I* spatial analysis shows random distribution of the inhabitants, as well the urban centers are randomly patterned in the al Qassim area. The analysis indicates that urban centers tend to concentrate around the mean center, the actual spatial distribution of the urban centers takes a circular configuration and there is a statistically significant inverse relation between the number of urban centers and distance from the mean center.

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خلال فترة الدراسة

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Spatial Distribution

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Spatial Analysis : -3

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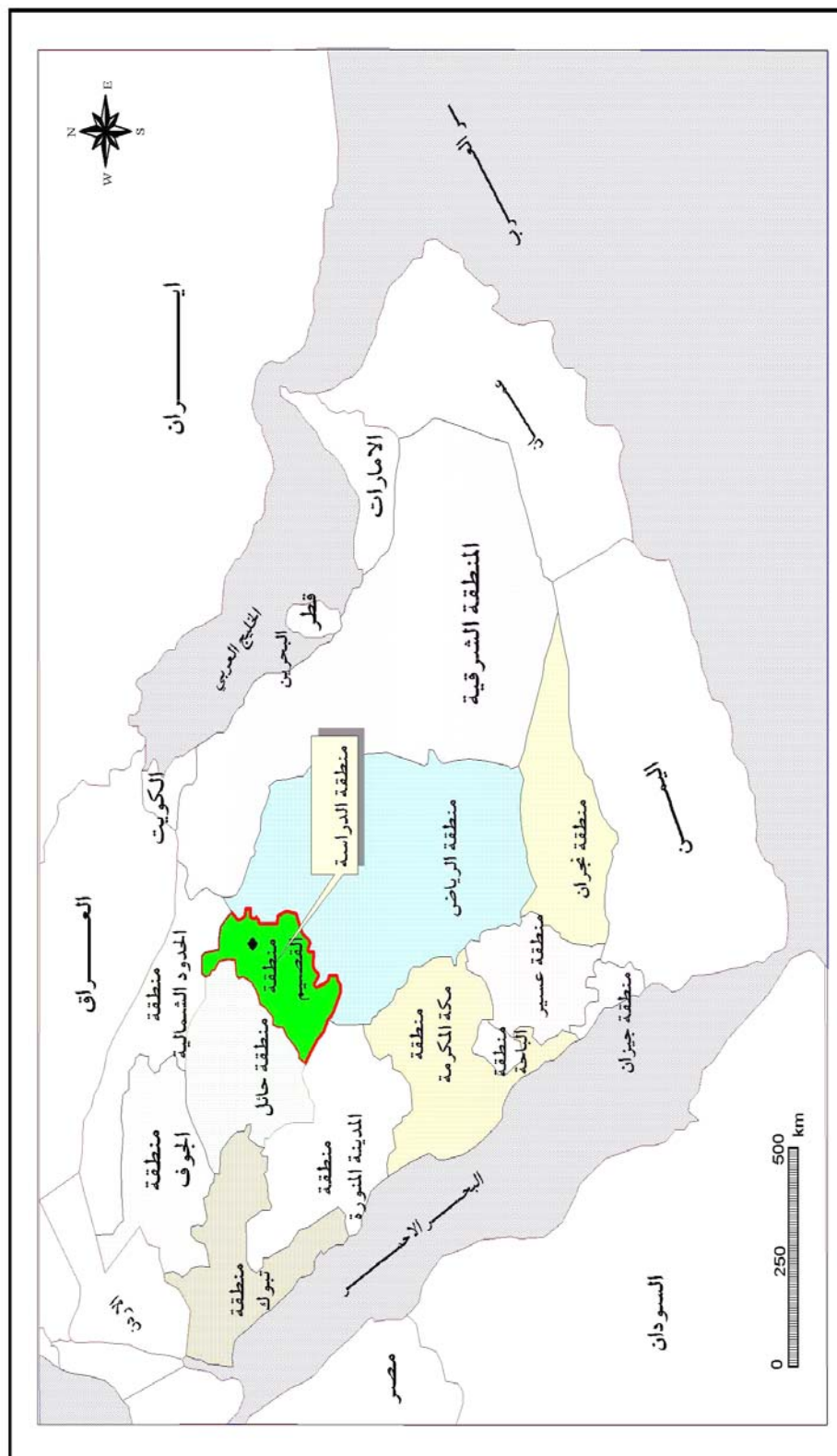
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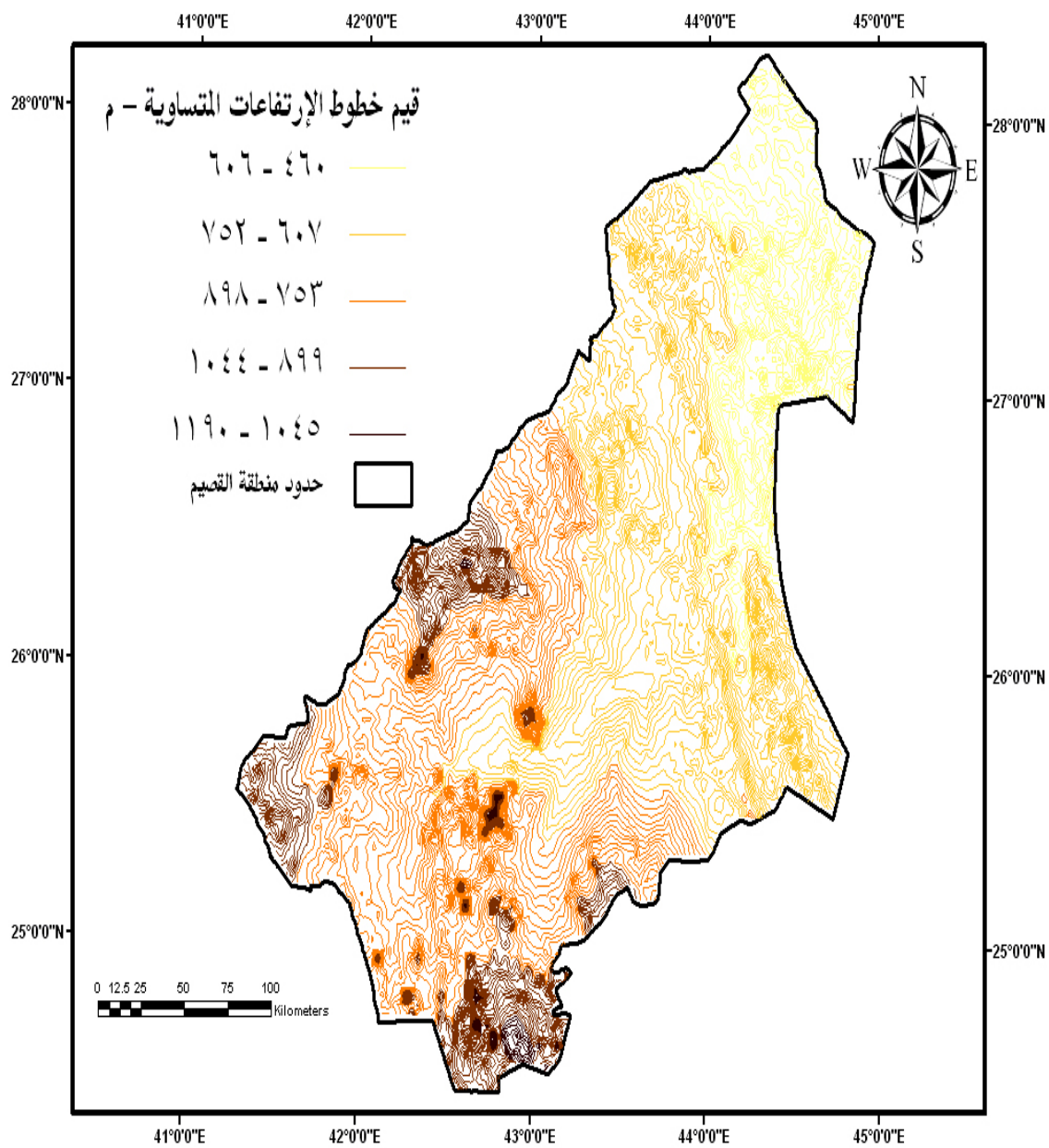
1957

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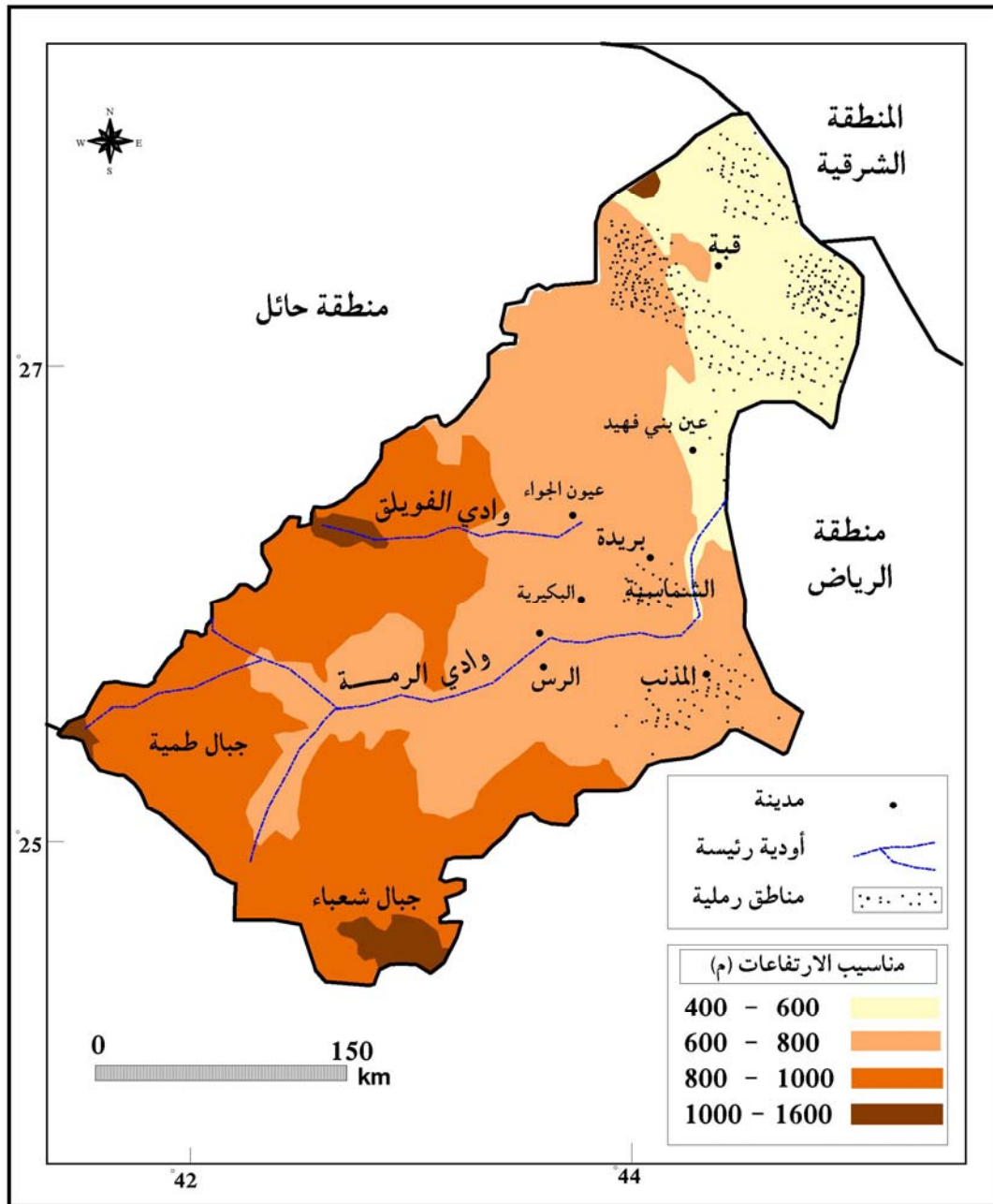
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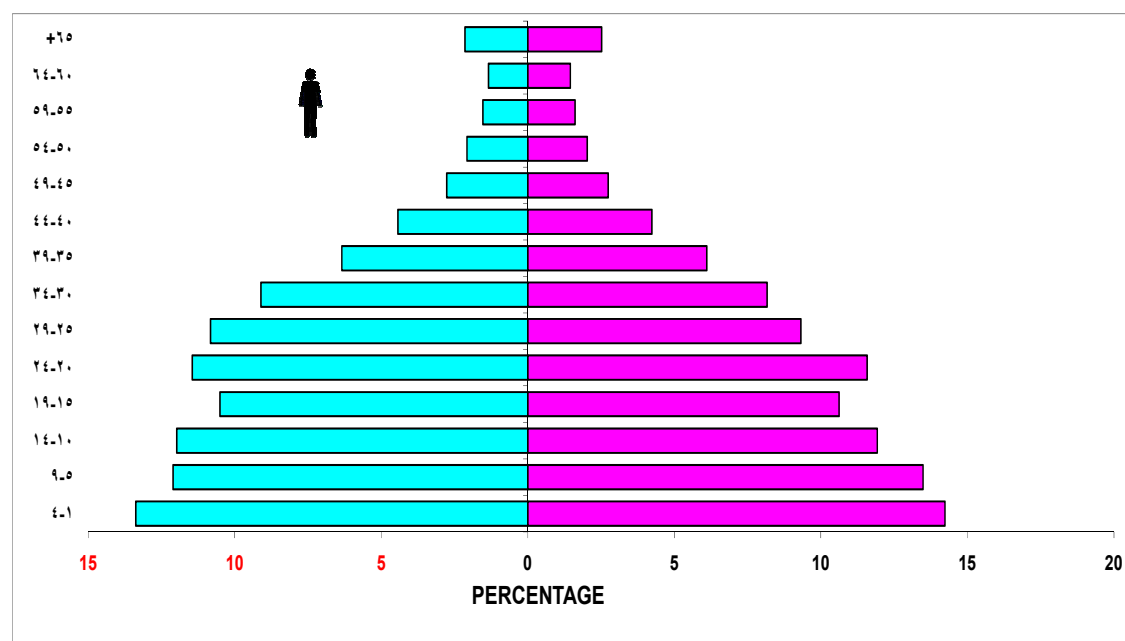
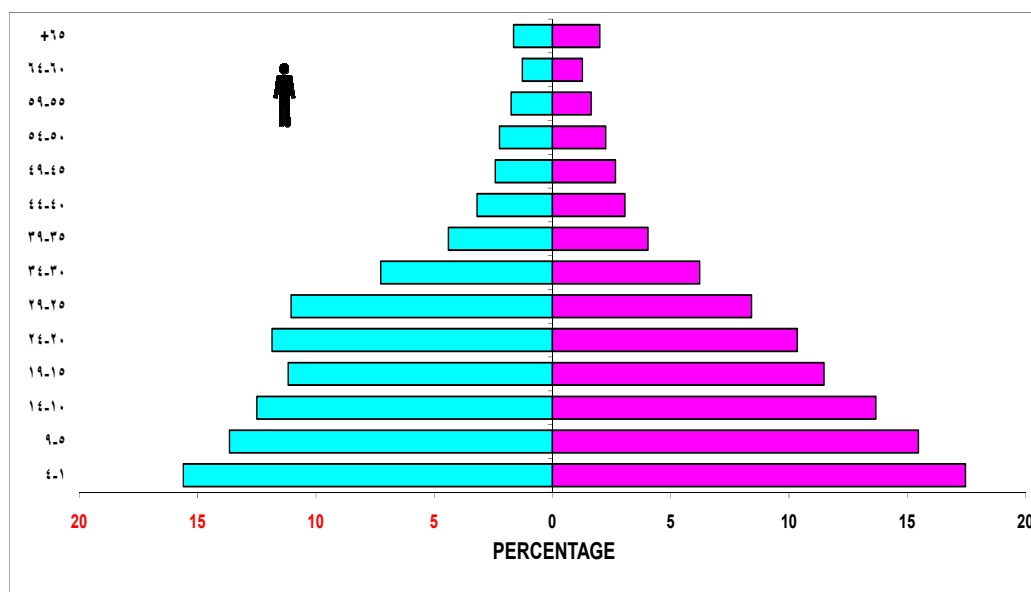
%40.3 1992 (2)
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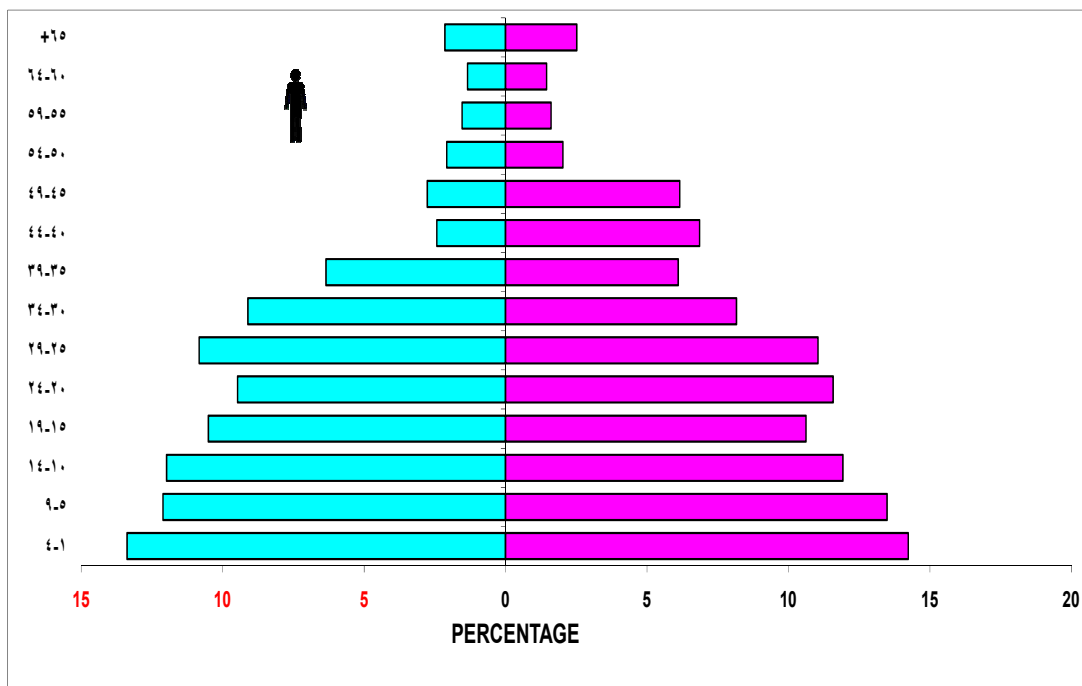
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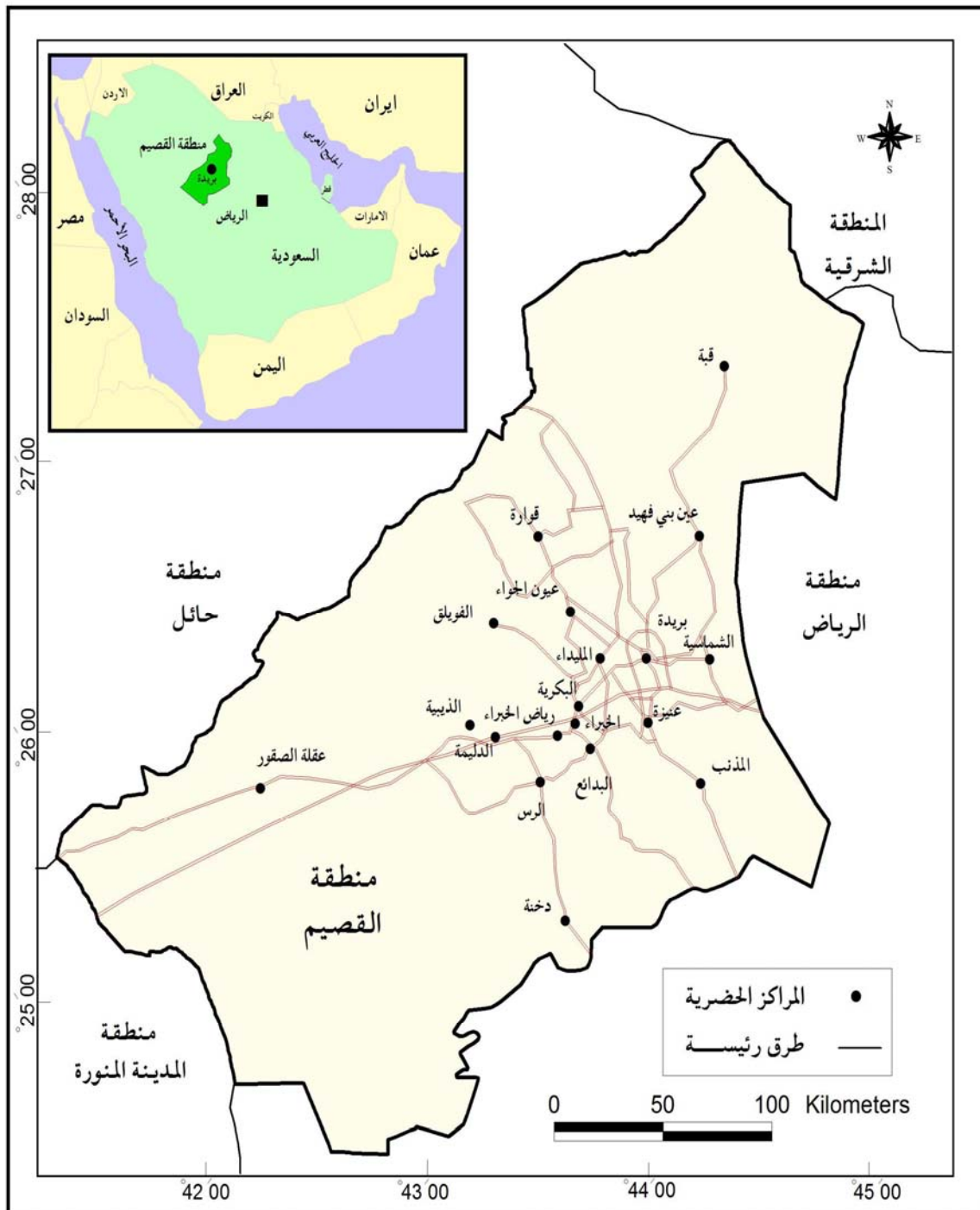
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92501	79632	56866	12366
46620	36137	19734	3681
29547	24629	16927	6433
29210	24039	16624	6423
17236	14464	10050	7206
10439	9018	8486	1238
8639	6885	4520	1369
8338	6335	3833	1192
6659	5745	3537	1093
5620	5097	1914	498
6649	5023	3521	1088
5727	5006	3600	1113
7071	4899	3027	935
5523	4788	4669	1443
5068	4400	3274	2261
5571	4680	3900	1474
5862	4990	3234	749
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43

Growth Trends and Changes in : (Al-Qabbani, 1995)
Small Towns in Saudi Arabia (1974–1993)
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China's Small Town Urbanization (Tan, 1993)
Program: Criticism and Adaptation

Land Use Changes and Urban Growth (Ruan, 2006)
.Control In BEIJING, CHINA

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Hard Copy -

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. Adobe Photoshop CS

Geometric Correction -

. Root Mean Square Error (RMSE)

Universal 38

Transverse Mercator (UTM 38)

. Arc GIS 10.1

:Digitizing -

Screen Digitizing

.Arc GIS 10.1

Shape Files

Vector Data

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:Attribute Data

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Digital Elevation Model (DEM)

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Slope Aspect

Slope Degree

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ArcGIS 10.1	
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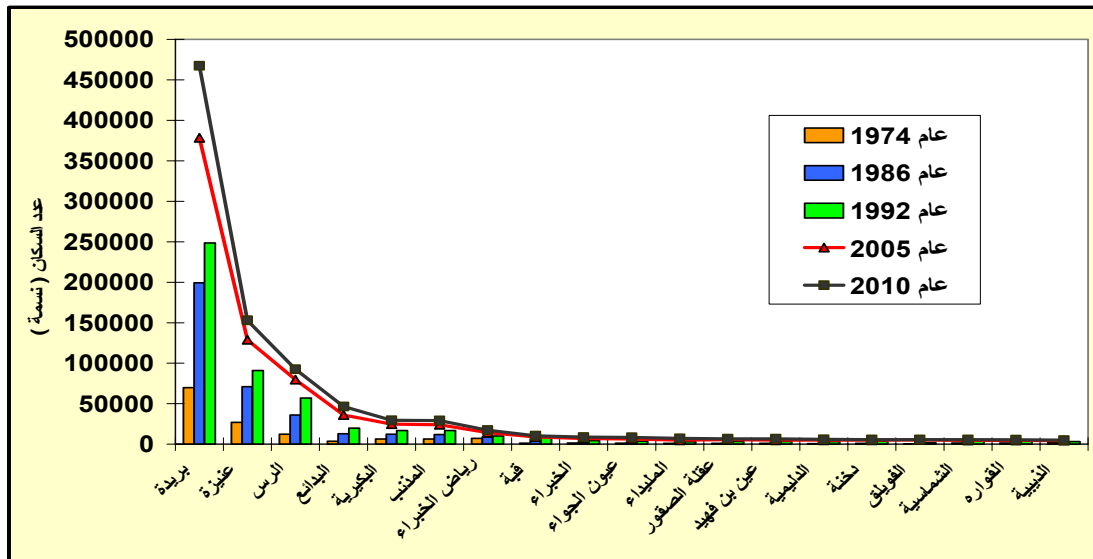
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(9) 2010 – 1974

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عدد السكان عام 1974	عدد السكان عام 1985	عدد السكان عام 1992	عدد السكان عام 2005	عدد السكان عام 2010
69924	199321	248636	378422	467410
26990	71008	91106	128930	152895
12366	36179	56866	79632	92501
3681	12955	19734	36137	46620
6433	12269	16927	24629	29547
6423	11987	16624	24039	29210
7206	8844	10050	14464	17236
1238	6239	8486	9018	10439
1369	2765	4520	6885	8639
1192	2108	3833	6335	8338
935	1947	3027	4899	7071
1093	2277	3537	5745	6659
1088	2022	3521	5023	6649
749	1987	3234	4990	5862
1113	1938	3600	5006	5727
498	989	1914	5097	5620
1474	2855	3900	4680	5571
1443	3111	4669	4788	5523
2261	2769	3274	4400	5068
147476	383570	507458	753119	916585

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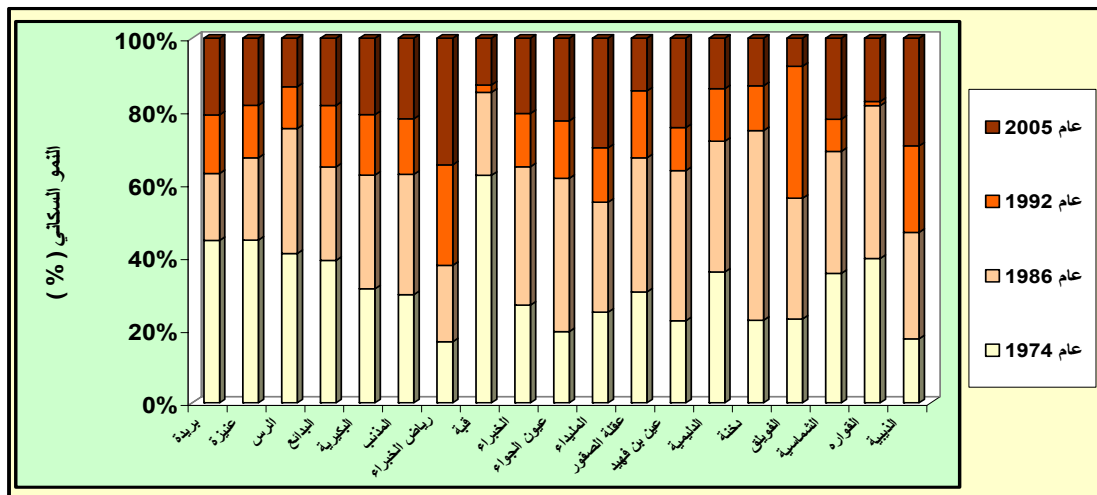
(5)

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(% 77.76 % 77.94 78.15 % 79.90 % 74.1)
(2010 2005 1992 1974).

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350



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(2010 - 1974)

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(2010 1974)

النمو السكاني (2010-2005)	النمو السكاني (2005-1992)	النمو السكاني (1992-1986)	النمو السكاني (1986-1974)
4.3	3.3	3.8	9.1
3.5	2.7	4.2	8.4
3.0	2.6	7.8	9.4
5.2	4.8	7.3	11.1
3.7	2.9	5.5	5.5
4.0	2.7	5.9	5.3
3.6	2.8	2.2	1.7
3.0	0.5	5.3	14.4
4.6	3.3	8.5	6.0
5.6	3.9	10.5	4.9
7.6	3.8	7.6	6.3
3.0	3.8	7.6	6.3
5.8	2.8	9.7	5.3
3.3	3.4	8.5	8.5
2.7	2.6	10.9	4.7
2.0	9.3	8.5	5.9
3.5	1.4	5.3	5.7
2.9	0.2	7.0	6.6
2.9	2.3	2.8	1.7
4.0	3.1	4.8	8.3

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% 9.7

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الانحراف عن معدل النمو العام***	عدد السكان حسب معدل النمو العام**	مقدار التضاعف*	معدل نمو السكان %	عدد السكان عام 1992	عدد السكان عام 2010	المركز الحضري
44124	423286	1.88	3.57	248636	467410	
-2207	155102	1.68	2.92	91106	152895	
-4310	96811	1.63	2.74	56866	92501	
13024	33596	2.36	4.89	19734	46620	
730	28817	1.75	3.14	16927	29547	
393	28817	1.73	3.08	16624	29210	
127	17109	1.72	3.04	10050	17236	
-4008	14447	1.23	1.16	8486	10439	
944	7695	1.91	3.66	4520	8639	
1813	6525	2.18	4.41	3833	8338	
1918	5153	2.34	4.83	3027	7071	
637	6022	1.88	3.58	3537	6659	
655	5994	1.89	3.59	3521	6649	
356	5506	1.81	3.36	3234	5862	
-402	6129	1.59	2.61	3600	5727	
2877	2743	3.49	7.19	1914	5620	
-1068	6639	1.43	2.00	3900	5571	
-2426	7949	1.18	0.94	4669	5523	
-506	5574	1.55	2.46	3274	5068	

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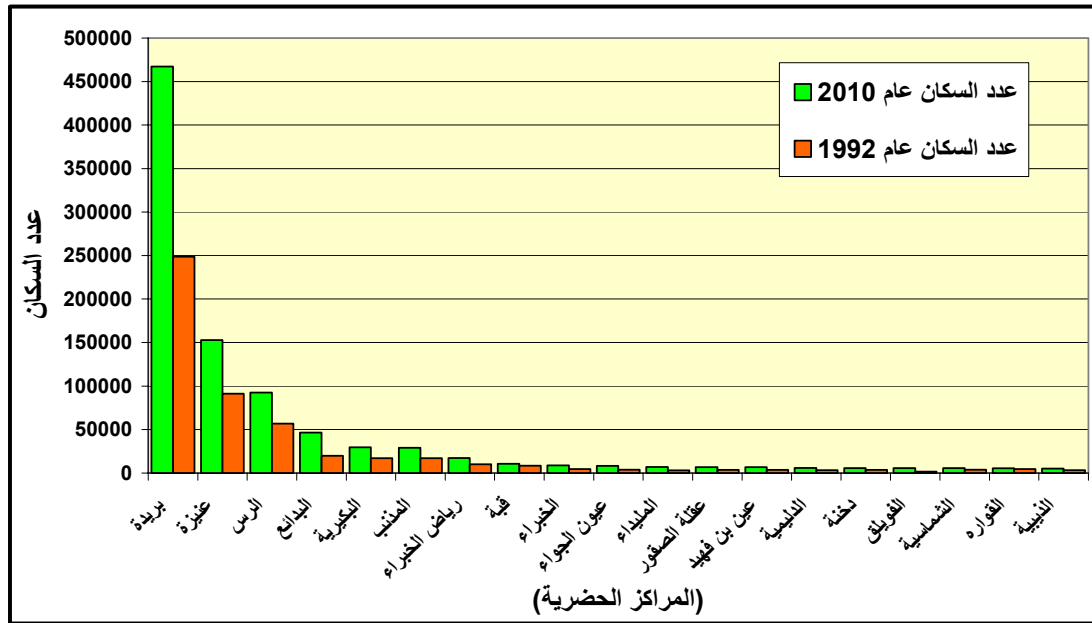
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(2010-1990)

2010

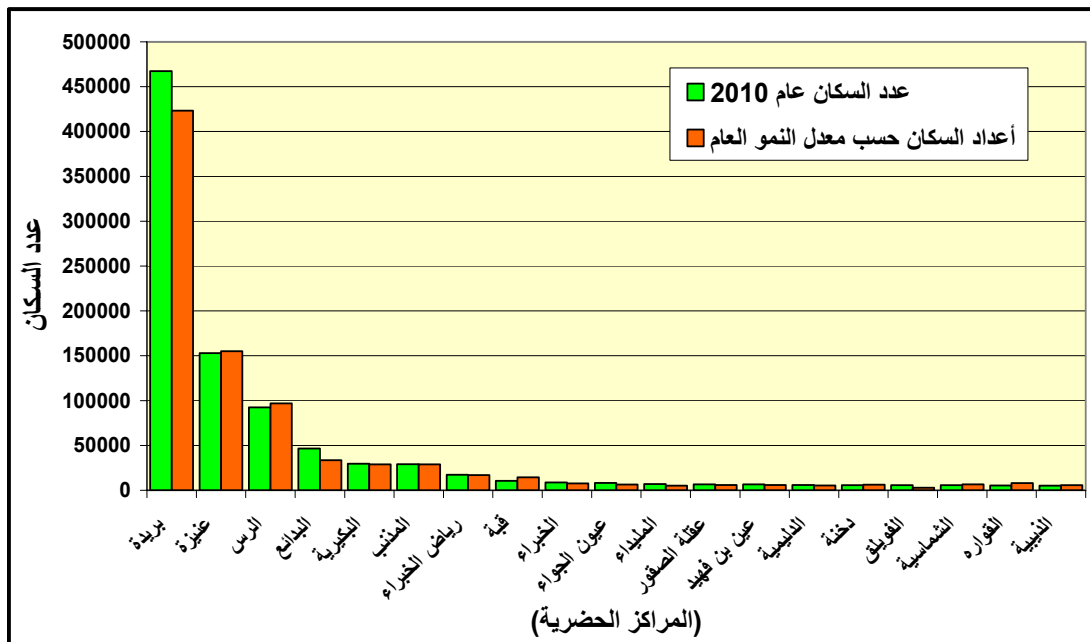
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(11)

(2010-1992)



المصدر: عمل الباحثة.

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:(Bradford & Kent, 1977)

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$$r = \sqrt[n]{\left[\frac{pi}{po} - 1 \right]} \times 100$$

= *r*

= *pi*

= *po*

= *n*

-

$$pn = po (1 + r)^n$$

$$= pn$$

$$= po$$

$$\text{السكاني} = r$$

$$= n$$

$$2025 \quad 2015 \quad (8)$$

$$(843842) \quad (553352)$$

$$\% 4.31$$

$$.(2025 - 2010) \quad 376432$$

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2025	2015		2010	2005	
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843842	553352	4.31	467410	378422	.1
246155	175179	3.46	152895	128930	.2
140679	104273	3.04	92501	79632	.3
95049	57143	5.22	46620	36137	.4
49138	34169	3.70	29547	24629	.5
50378	34132	3.97	29210	24039	.6
28127	19825	3.56	17236	14464	.7
15704	11731	3.97	10439	9018	.8
16302	10357	4.62	8639	6885	.9
17975	10384	5.64	8338	6335	.10
19743	9482	7.61	7071	4899	.11
10059	7492	2.99	6659	5745	.12
14563	8318	5.76	6649	5023	.13
9198	6667	3.27	5862	4990	.14
8339	6376	2.72	5727	4400	.15
7385	6076	1.97	5620	4899	.16
9067	6403	3.54	5571	4680	.17
8230	6190	2.89	5523	4788	.18
7521	5673	2.86	5068	4400	.19

. 2010 – 2005

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(14) (13) (8)

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456

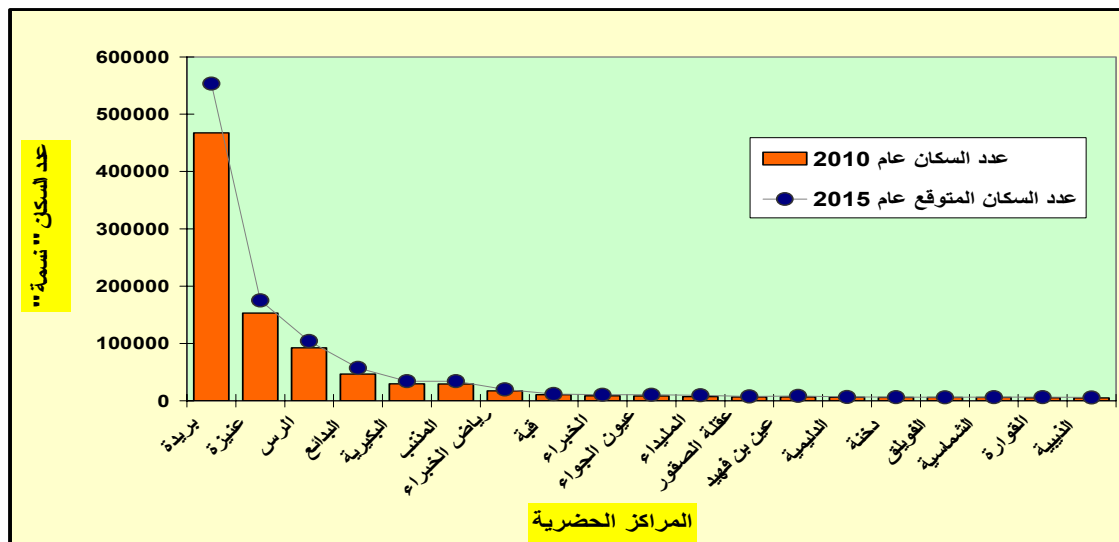
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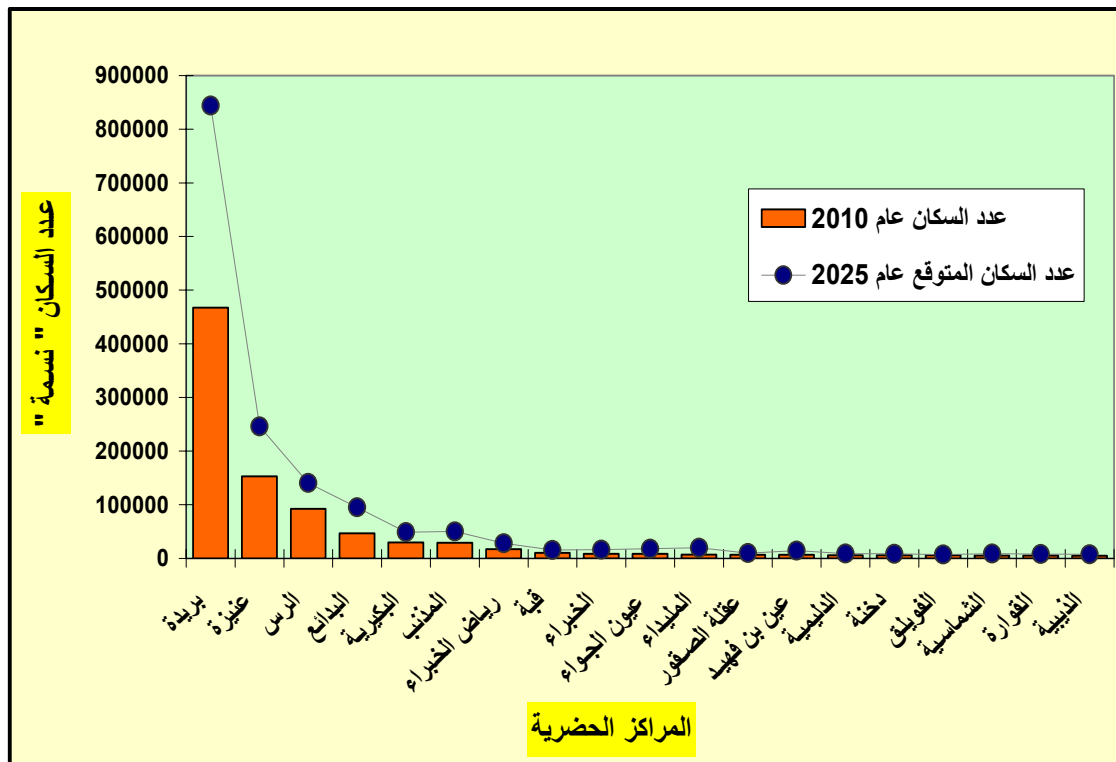
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(13)

2015



(14)

2025

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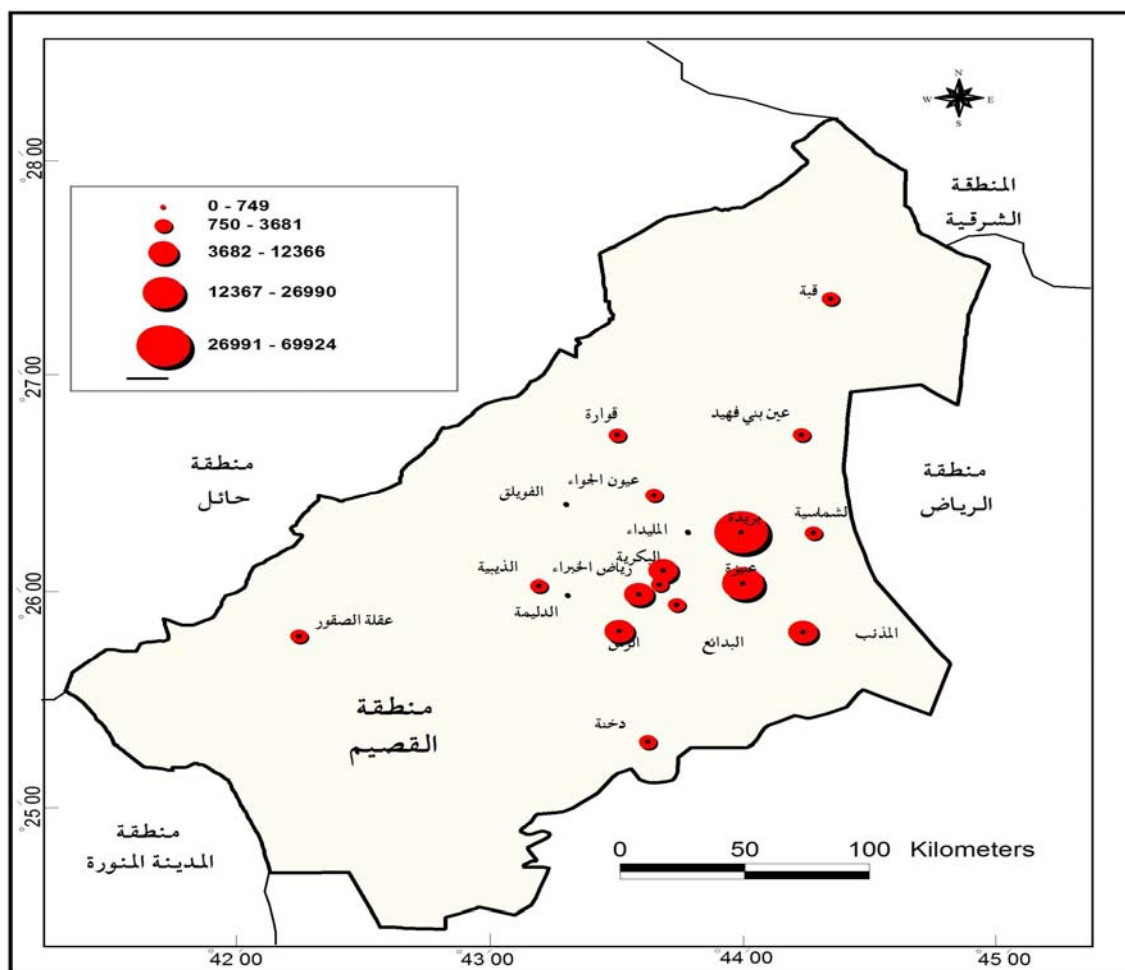
(2010-1974)

(16) (15)

.Arc GIS 10.1

(17)

2010 1994 1974

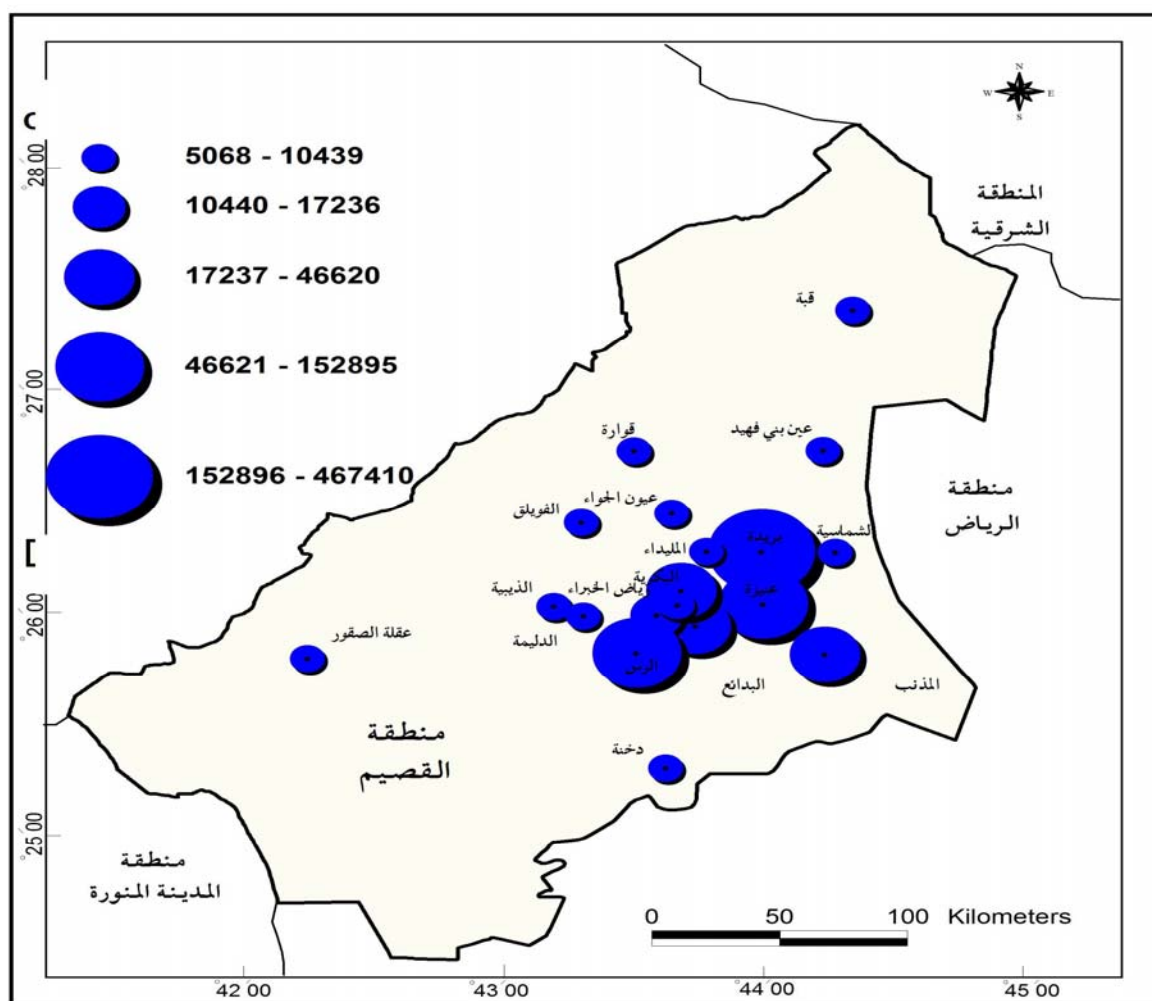


(15)

1974

.1974

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(17)

2010

.2010

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2010-1992

. (1993) (1998)

(9)
(2010- 1992)

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(9)

(2010-1992)

*		2005		2010
=	1	248636	1	467410
=	2	91106	2	152895
=	3	56866	3	92501
=	4	19734	4	46620
=	5	16927	5	29547
=	6	16624	6	29210
=	7	10050	7	17236
=	8	8486	8	10439
+	10	4520	9	8639
+	12	3833	10	8338
+	18	3027	11	7071
+	14	3537	12	6659
+	15	3521	13	6649
+	17	3234	14	5862
-	13	3600	15	5727
+	19	1914	16	5620
-	11	3900	17	5571
-	9	4669	18	5523
-	16	3274	19	5068

.2012

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*

.(2010-1992)

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.(2010-1992)

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.(2010-1992)

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 2010 1992 (1

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) (3
 1992 2010 (

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 2010 () (4
 1992

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 . **3.4**

(Moran Index)

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(1

(2

(3

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"

(Moran Index)

-1

(Moran Index)

(1-) (Moran Index)

(1+)

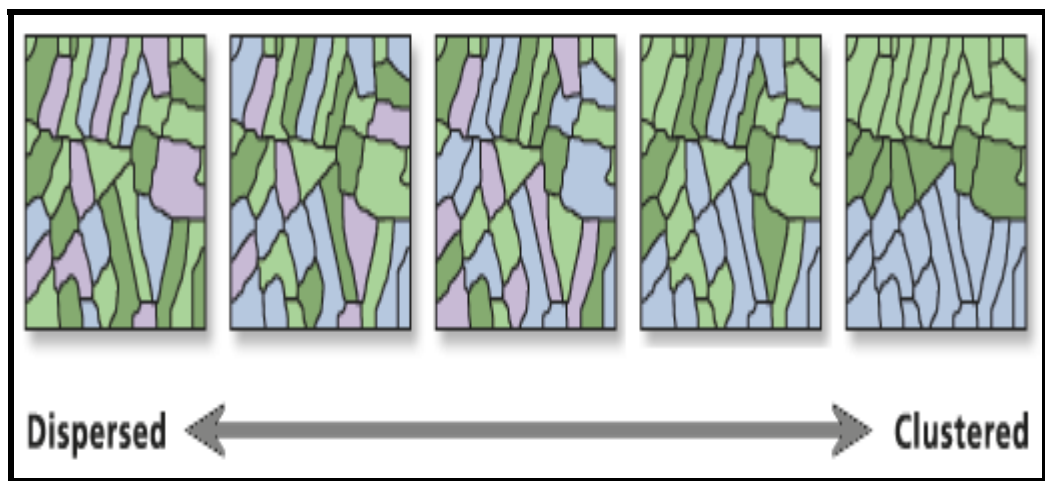
(1+)

(1-)

Clustered

.(18)

.(Zhang, 2007; Ord & Getis,1995)



(18)

. ArcGIS 10.1

:

(Moran I)

0.10 – ~ 0.01 –

Z

0.10 – 0.01

.

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.

2010

Spatial Autocorrelation (Morans I)

Arc GIS

Spatial Statistics Tools

:

10.1

.1

.

2010

.2

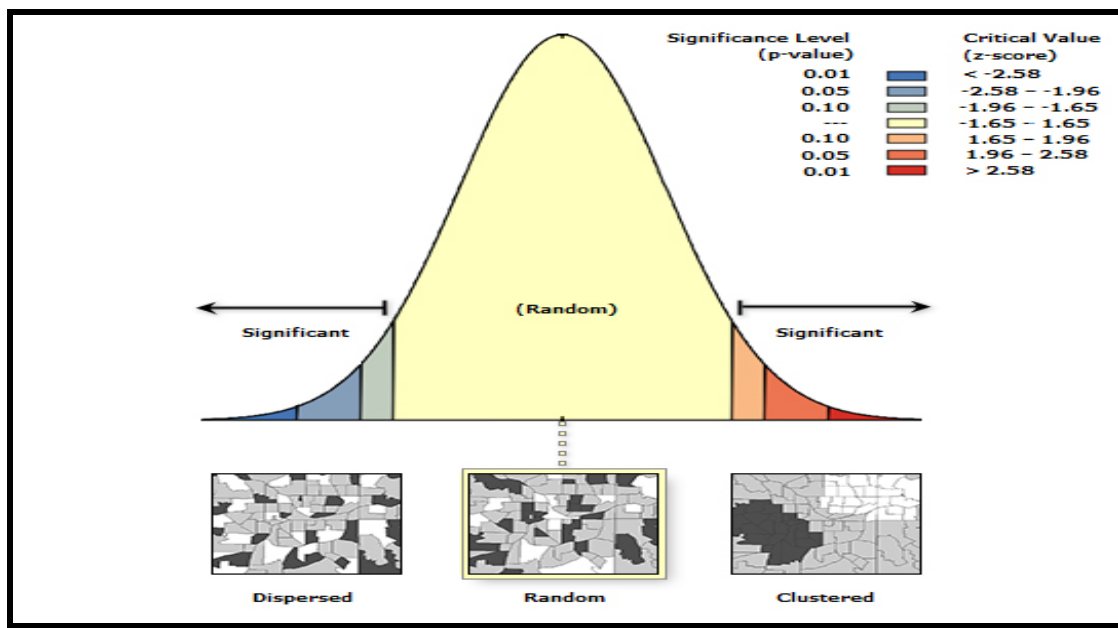
.

.ArcGis

(Morans I)

.3

. (Morans I) (19)



(19)

(Morans I)

2010

ArcGIS 10.1

:

(19)

= Z Random

(Morans I)

(1.65 ~ 1.65-)

0.11-

.

-2

Nearest Neighbor Analysis

Nearest Neighbor Distance

.Z

Z

(1)

(1)

.Clustered

.Dispersed

Z

.Z

0.05

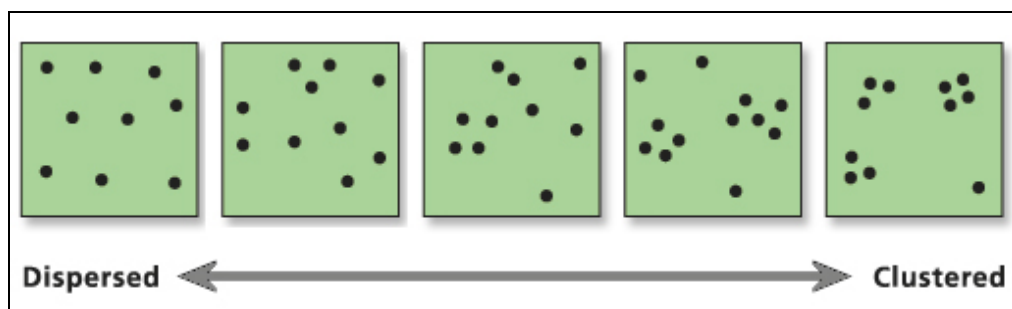
)

)

(

.(2009

.(20)



(20)

. ArcGIS 10.1 :

Average

Nearest Neighbor

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.1

.2

.() .3

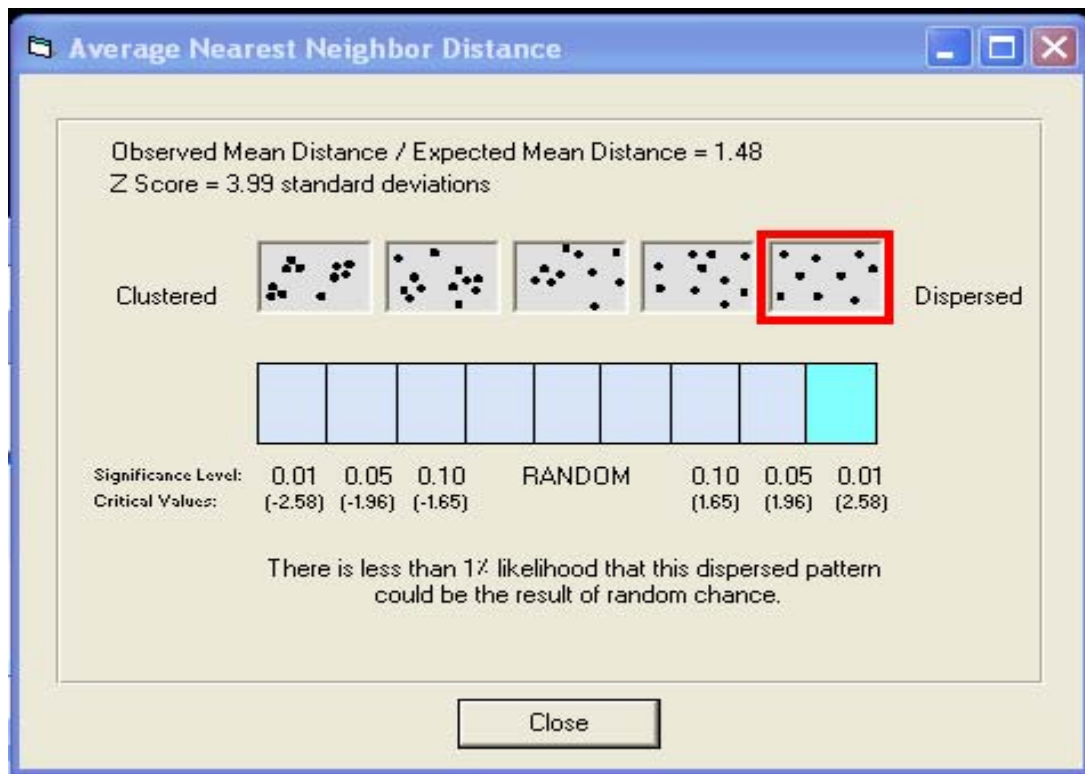
Analyzing Patterns

Arc . Spatial Statistics Tools
 : GIS 10.1
 .4
 .
 . () .5
 .6
 Average Nearest Neighbor .7

(21) Arc GIS 10.1

1.48

3.99 Z
 .(0.01)



(21)

.

(2000)

: (χ^2)

(χ^2)

(Point Features)

—

—

(Chi-Square)

Uniform Distribution

(χ^2)

:

(0.05)

: Ho

(df=9)

:

(0.05)

:H1

(df=9)

(df=9) :

(P= 0.01) :

(χ^2)

(χ^2)

(χ^2)

()

.()

(χ^2)

(a) $2 \cdot a/h$ (king)

.(1995) (h)

(king)

:

$$^2 \quad 70706 =$$

$$. \quad 19 =$$

:

$$Area = \frac{70706}{19} * 2 = 7443 km^2$$

$$^2 \quad 7443$$

10

.(22)

$$(\chi^2)$$

.(10)

(21)

: (1995) .

$$\chi^2_e = \sum \frac{(O_i - E_i)^2}{E_i}$$

:

$$= (\chi^2)$$

(Observed) = O

(Expected) = E

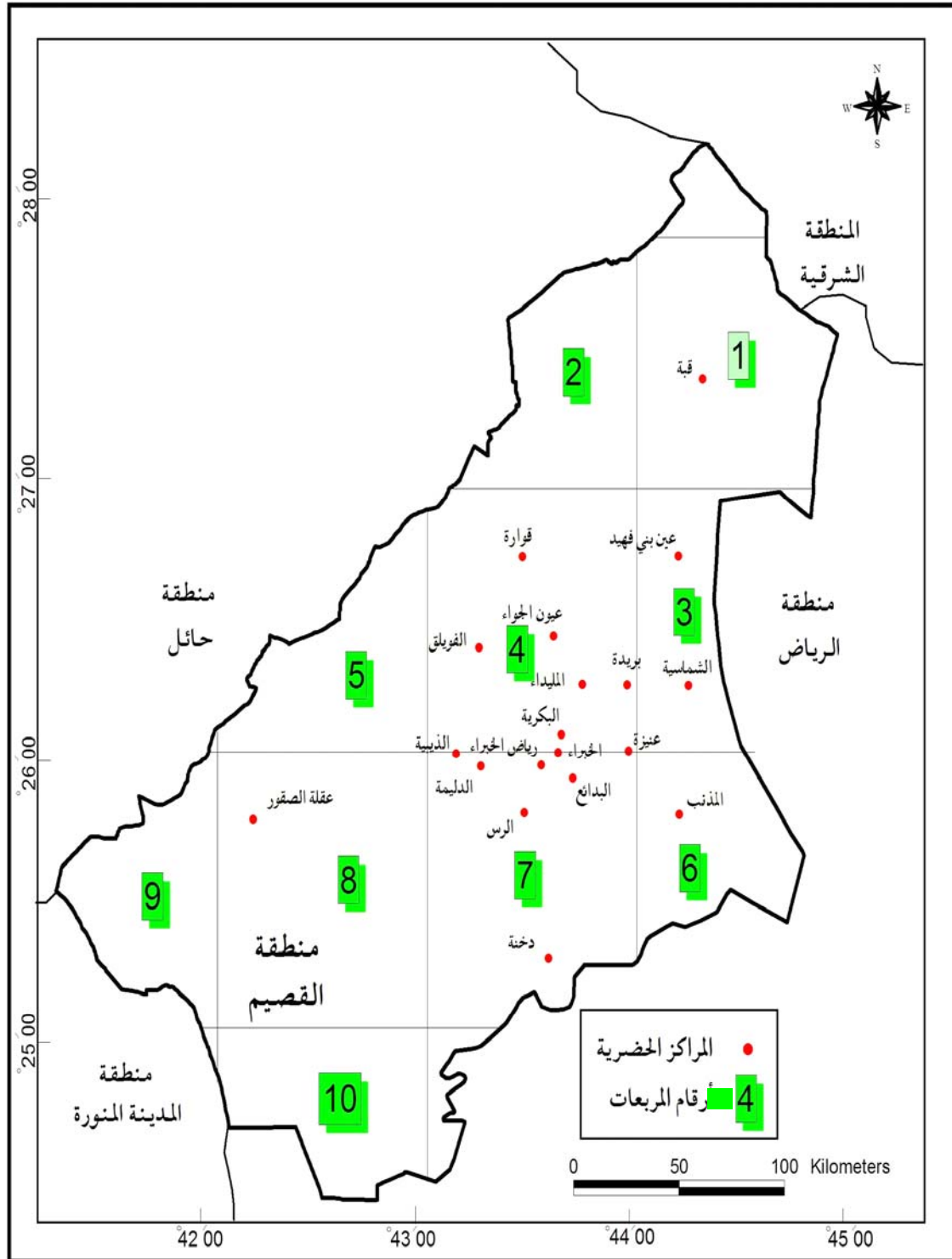
Uniform Distribution

$$(\chi^2)$$

(10)

$\chi^2 (E - O)$				
$E /$	$\chi^2(E - O)$	(E)	(O)	(26)
0.5	1	2	1	1
2	4	2	0	2
0	0	2	2	3
12.5	25	2	7	4
2	4	2	0	5
0.5	1	2	1	6
12.5	25	2	7	7
0.5	1	2	1	8
2	4	2	0	9
2	4	2	0	10
34.5	-	20	19	

. 26 :



(22)

$$=N \quad \begin{matrix} 34.5 = & (\chi^2) & (10) \\ 0.01 & & 2.08 = " & " & (\chi^2) \\ " & " & (\chi^2) & & .9 \end{matrix}$$

$$(34.5) = (\chi^2)$$

%99

:

. (Hartshorn, 1992)) :

Concentration Index

2010

$$. | \quad - \quad | \quad \times \frac{1}{2} =$$

-:

- :

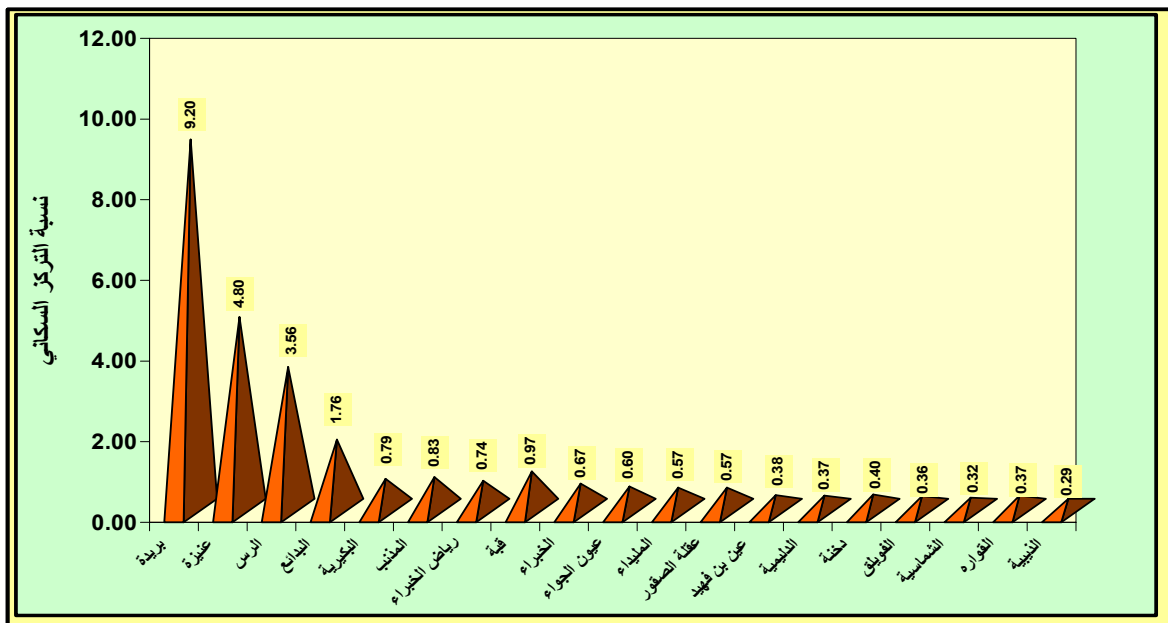
- :

(23)

(%24.41)

" " " " " "

(24)



(23)

2010



(24)

2010

.

:

(2010-2005)

% 3.90

2025

1597500

.

(11)

% 49.00 % 50.99

1992 2010

0.7

(11)

.%

% 75

16

:

(11)

(2010 1992)

التغير النسبي (1992-2010)	*(%) عام 1992	*(%) عام 2010	عدد السكان عام 1992	عدد السكان عام 2010	
+ 2.00	49.00	50.99	248636	467410	
- 1.27	17.95	16.68	91106	152895	
- 1.11	11.21	10.09	56866	92501	
+ 1.20	3.89	5.09	19734	46620	
- 0.11	3.34	3.22	16927	29547	
- 0.15	3.32	3.19	16624	29210	
- 0.10	1.98	1.88	10050	17236	
- 0.53	1.67	1.14	8486	10439	
+ 0.05	0.89	0.94	4520	8639	
+ 0.15	0.76	0.91	3833	8338	
+ 0.17	0.60	0.77	3027	7071	
+ 0.03	0.70	0.73	3537	6659	
+ 0.03	0.69	0.73	3521	6649	
+ 0.00	0.64	0.64	3234	5862	
- 0.08	0.71	0.62	3600	5727	
+ 0.30	0.32	0.61	1914	5620	
- 0.16	0.77	0.61	3900	5571	
- 0.32	0.92	0.60	4669	5523	
- 0.09	0.65	0.55	3274	5068	
0.00	100.00	100.00	507458	916585	

.2012

:

(%) *

2010

(%)

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**

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(%)

(11)

19

48250

2010

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759429

15

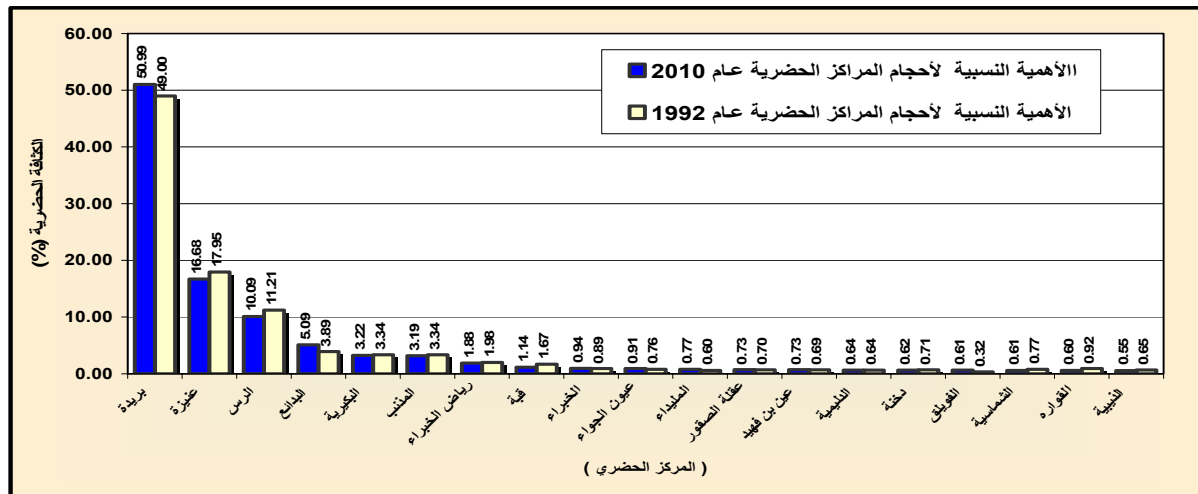
-

:

10477

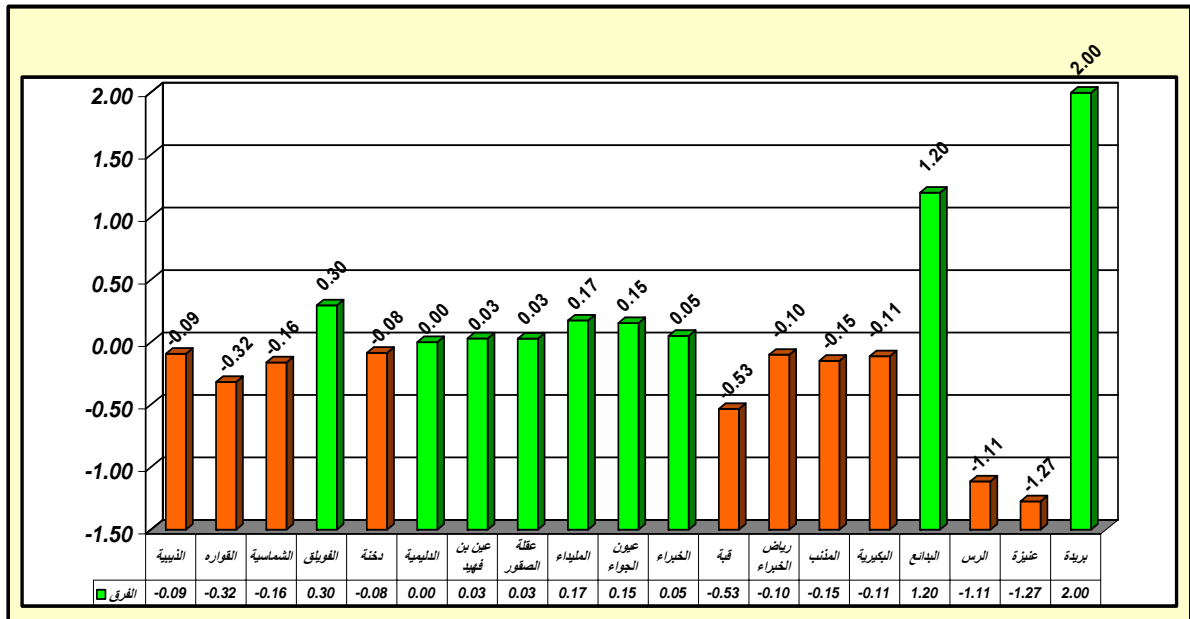
% 50.99

(Prime City)



(25)

(2010 1992)



(26)

(2010 1992)

.

:

(25) (24)

(11)

-1

(2010-1992)

. %50

:

-2

(2010-1992)

(%1.11- %1.27-)

% 1.20

:

-3

:

(2010-1992)

80

-4

%

.

:

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Slandered Distance

Mean Center

(Spatial Statistical Tool Box)

.

(27)

ArcGIS 10.1

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Slandered Distance

16

67.07

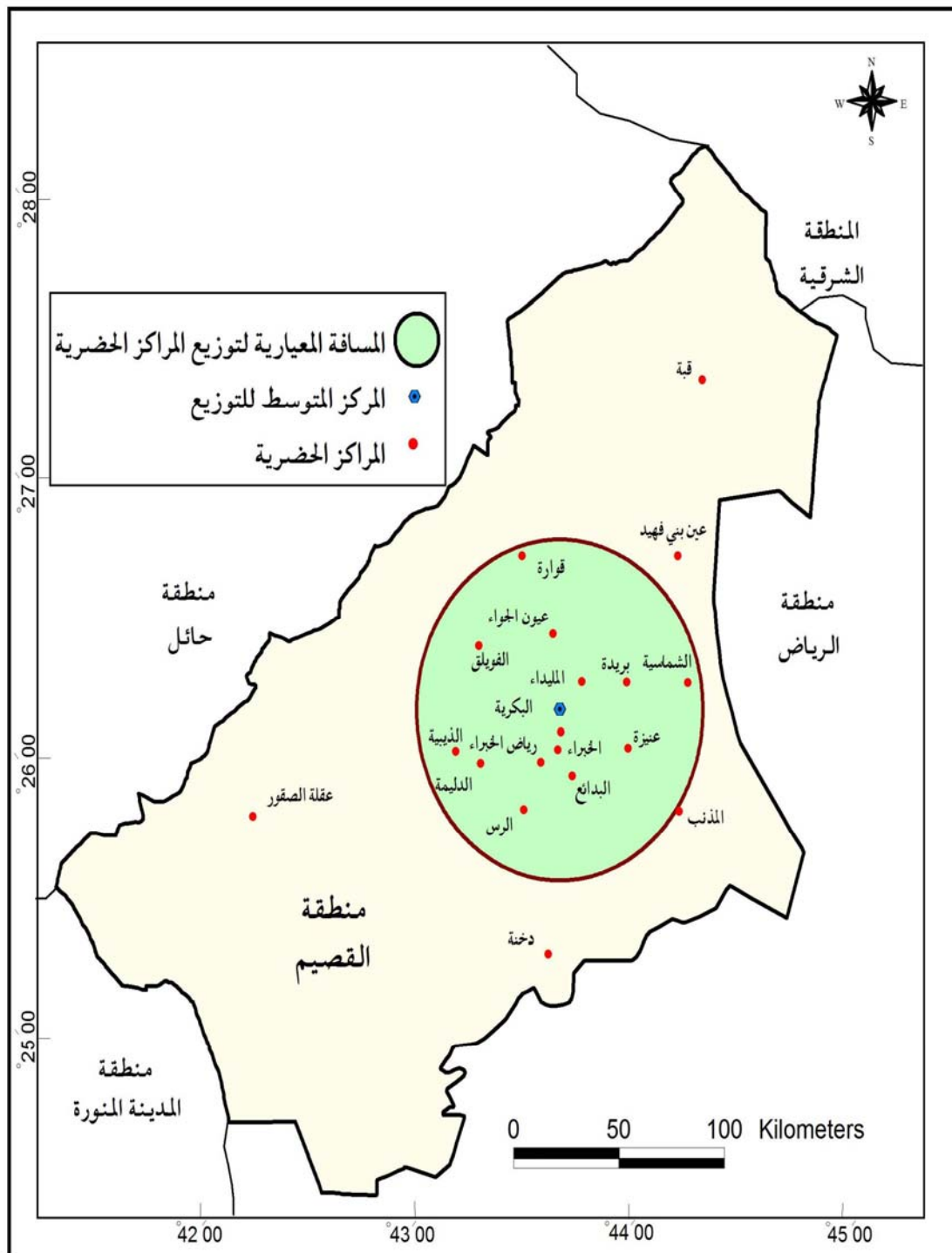
2010

19

)

% 84

.(



(27)

10

ArcGIS

10

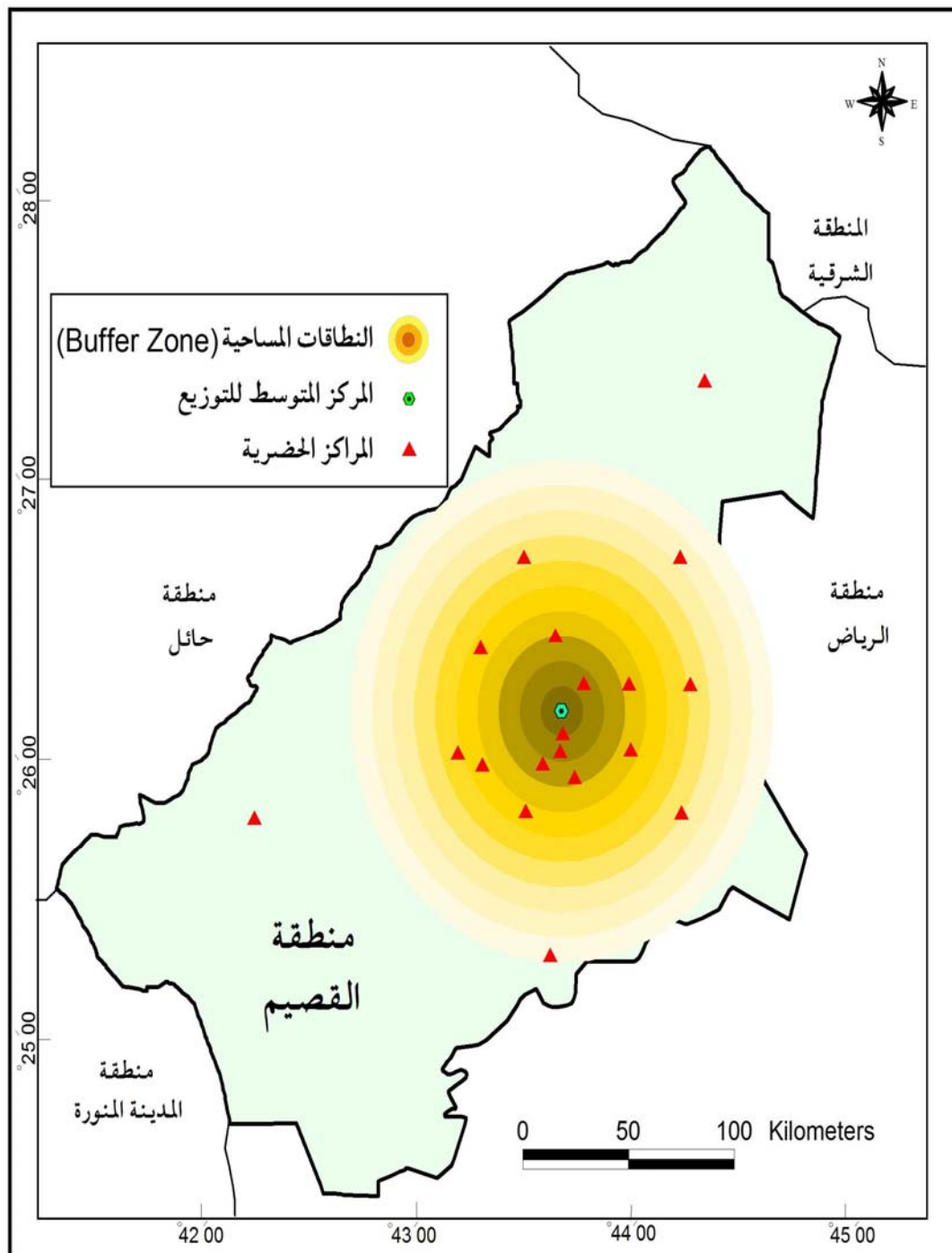
Buffer Zone

(28)

(0.52 -)

(12)

(Buffer Zone)			
()			
6.25	1	10	1
12.5	2	20	2
12.5	2	30	3
18.75	3	40	4
12.5	2	50	5
12.5	2	60	6
12.5	2	70	7
6.25	1	80	8
6.25	1	90	9
0	0	100	10
.(31)			:



(28)

Directional Distribution

)

Standard Deviational Ellipse (



(29)

4.4

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(1

2010-1974

1974

147476

% 8.3

1985

383570

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2005 – 1992

507458

753119

%4.8

1992

2010

916585

2005

%.3.1

– 1974

.2010

1992

(2

2010

(3

(Moran Index)

(1.65 ~ 1.65-) = Z Random

0.11- (Morans I)

Nearest Neighbor

Analysis

(4

" " " " " "

(5

(2010-1992)

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" "

(2000-1995)

(2010-2005)

(2005-200)

(Rural

(2000-1995)

(Central Place)

Cluster)

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45

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5.4

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(1988)

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(1984)

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1993 23-21

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(41)

(1998)

(2009)

(2000)

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.86-62

(2)

(14)

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(2009)

" (2010)

2004-1993

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(4) (1)

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(2008)

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(1996)

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(1996)

98-76 13 2

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(1985)

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(2008)

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(1995)

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(2006)

(1998)

www.fayoum.edu.eg/arts/Geography/pdf/12.pdf

(1998)

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(2001)

(2005)

(2012)

" (2010)

(4)

(7)

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.372-361

(2005)

(2009)

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www.repository.yu.edu.jo/handle/123456789/440595

(2000)

(2009)

(2008)

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1993 23-21

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277-215

.(1990)

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(13) (12)

"

.37-1

(2010)

(2010)

(2010)

" (2002)

(16)

"

.334 -307 (1)

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